

MODEL QUESTION PAPER: 2021-21

TERMINAL EXAMINATION - 1

PSYCHOLOGY (037)

Class : XI

Max. Marks: 40

Time: 1.5 Hrs

General Instructions

- All questions are compulsory except where internal choice has been given.
- Answers should be brief and to the point. Marks for each question are indicated against it.
- Question No. 1- 10 in Section I are objective type questions carrying 1 mark each. You are expected to answer them as directed.
- Question No. 11 in Section II is case based with objective type questions. It has two questions carrying 1 mark each.
- Question No. 12-15 in Section III are very short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 30 words.
- Question No. 16 and 17 in Section IV are short answer type-I questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
- Question No. 18 and 19 in Section V are short answer type-II questions carrying 4 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 100 words.
- Question No. 20 in Section VI is long answer type questions carrying 6 marks each. Answer to the question should not exceed 200 words All questions are compulsory, and answers should be brief and to the point.

SECTION I

Q1. A. First lab of psychology was established by: (1)

- (a) William James (b) Wilhelm Wundt (c) John Dewy (d) Kohler

OR

B. John B. Watson was greatly influenced by the work of:

- (a) Freud (b) Wundt (c) Palov (d) Rogers

Q2. A test becomes standardized, when _____ are developed. (1)

- Q3. Debriefing is a limitation of psychological enquiry. (True/ False) (1)
- Q4. A. James and Wundt both used _____ method. (1)
- (a) Case Study (b) Introspection (c) Experiment (d) Survey

OR

B. According to psychoanalytic theory, the urges and drives are hidden from the awareness of the individual, in other words, they are _____.

- (a) Subconscious (b) Unconscious (c) Conscious (d) Spiritual unconscious

Q5. The work of counselling psychologist is quite similar to that of the clinical psychologist. (True / False) (1)

Q6. _____ and _____ are the two types of tests based on language. (1)

Q7. A. Psychological tests are also classified into _____ and _____ tests (1)

OR

B. Depending upon the mode of administration, psychological tests are divided into _____ or _____ tests.

Q8. _____ has emerged as a field of research where psychologists and neuroscientists are working together (1)

Q9. A _____ indicates that as the value of one variable (X) increases, the value of the other variable (Y) will also increase. (1)

Q10. _____ developed functionalist approach to the study of the human mind. (1)

- a. Wilhelm Wundt b. William James c. Gestalt d. Sigmund Freud.

SECTION II

Q11. **Read the case and answer the questions that follow.** (2 X 1 = 2)

An American psychologist, William James, who had set up a psychological laboratory in Cambridge, Massachusetts soon after the setting up of the Leipzig laboratory, developed what was called a functionalist approach to the study of the human mind. William James believed that instead of focusing on the structure of the mind, psychology should instead study what the mind does and how behaviour functions in making people deal with their environment. For example, functionalists focused on how behaviour enabled people to

satisfy their needs. According to William James, consciousness as an ongoing stream of mental process interacting with the environment formed the core of psychology. A very influential educational thinker of the time, John Dewey, used functionalism to argue that human beings seek to function effectively by adapting to their environment.

- (i) Who is functionalist? (1)
- (ii) Functionalism is studying about the human behaviour and how people deal with _____ . (1)

SECTION III

- Q12. Define Hypothesis? (2)
- Q13. Describe the experimental method? (2)
- Q14. Differentiate between an interview and a questionnaire. (2)
- Q15. A. Describe some of the areas of everyday life where understanding of psychology can be put to practice. (2)

(OR)

B. How can knowledge of the field of environmental psychology be used to promote environment friendly behaviour?

SECTION IV

- Q16. Is there any difference between mind and brain? (3)
- Q17. Explain the nature of psychological data (3)

SECTION V

- Q18. Define and explain the nature of psychology. (4)
- Q19. Give a note on cultural psychology and industrial psychology? (4)

SECTION VI

- Q20. A. What are the different types of observation? (6)

OR

B. What are the various techniques to control relevant or extraneous variables?
